

erect outer first

1. Remove contents from the tent bag and identify each item.
2. Assemble poles and lay them on the ground. Once assembled you should have 9 sets of poles. (3 curved roof poles & 6 straight uprights with angled pieces)
3. Lay the flysheet on the ground and position in the desired location and direction. Please take care to ensure that the ground is free from objects that may damage the groundsheet.
4. Thread the curved roof poles into the relevant pole sleeve. Each of the pole sleeves have a coloured identifier at the entry to each pole sleeve that matches with the relevant pole end
5. With all the roof poles in position place one of the upright poles into one of the roof poles

(Please note: the pole connection points are shaped to fit in one particular way. This ensures that the poles create the correct shape of the tent)

6. Locate the bottom of the pole and place it into the corresponding pin. You will find the metal pin attached to a ring on the base of the flysheet.

(N.B. Following the seam line down from where the pole exited from the pole sleeve will help you locate the relevant ring & pin at the base of the flysheet)

7. Move round to the next roof pole and repeat the previous steps. Continue around the tent until all the poles are in place and they are connected via the corresponding ring and pin.
8. Re-visit each of the secured pole ends. You will notice attached to each of them is a black strap with an adjustable buckle. Ensure that all the straps at the pole ends are tightened. This is achieved by pulling the strap towards the ground.
9. Once all the tension straps at the base of the poles are fastened, secure them in place by pegging through the metal ring. Move around the outside of the tent and peg out all the remaining pegging points. Please ensure that all the panels are taut and the tent sits evenly by looking inside the tent when finished.
10. Peg out all guy lines. Guy lines should pull in line with the seam or pole that they originate from. They should also be tensioned so that they are taut but do not pull the tent fabric from its natural path.
11. Spread out the groundsheet within the tent and secure in place.
12. After use, ensure both inner and outer tents are clean and dry before packing away. Brushing or gently washing with luke warm water will remove any dirt or stains. Never use detergents as these can affect the waterproofing of the tent. Store in a cool dry place.


contents

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|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| flysheet | Guy lines attached |
| pole bag | 9 steel poles |
| peg bag | Steel pegs |
| repair kit | Fabric patches, seam sealant, spare toggle and shock cord |

condensation

Condensation in a tent is caused by moisture in the atmosphere, respiration and perspiration by the occupants. The moisture in the air comes into contact with the colder fabric and framework and condenses into water droplets. This is not to be confused with the tent leaking. On the contrary, the problem is caused by water trying to get out of the tent rather than trying to leak in! Taking the following precautions can reduce condensation:-

- 1: Make sure there is adequate ventilation
- 2: Do not cook inside the tent
- 3: Where possible avoid storing wet/damp clothing or equipment inside the tent.
- 4: Always take the opportunity to air sleeping bags when the sun is out, as sleeping bags tend to store moisture from the user.

fire retardant

Although this Sprayway tent is treated with a **fire** retardant solution it is advised that you do not to cook or use naked flames within your tent.